

moderndive: statistical inference via the tidyverse



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Calgary, Alberta
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My Context for moderndiv

My students:

- Undergraduate-only women's liberal arts college
- Service intro stats course for all majors, all years
- Calculus is a pre-req only in name
- 13 weeks x (3 x 70min lectures + 75min lab)
- 29/40 had never coded in R prior

My goals:

- Goal 1: Modeling with regression
- Goal 2: Sampling for inference

Getting from Point A to Point B

via the
tidyverse

Point A:
Modal 1st time
stats student

Point B:
Two goals



1. Modeling with regression
2. Sampling for inference

Calculus?

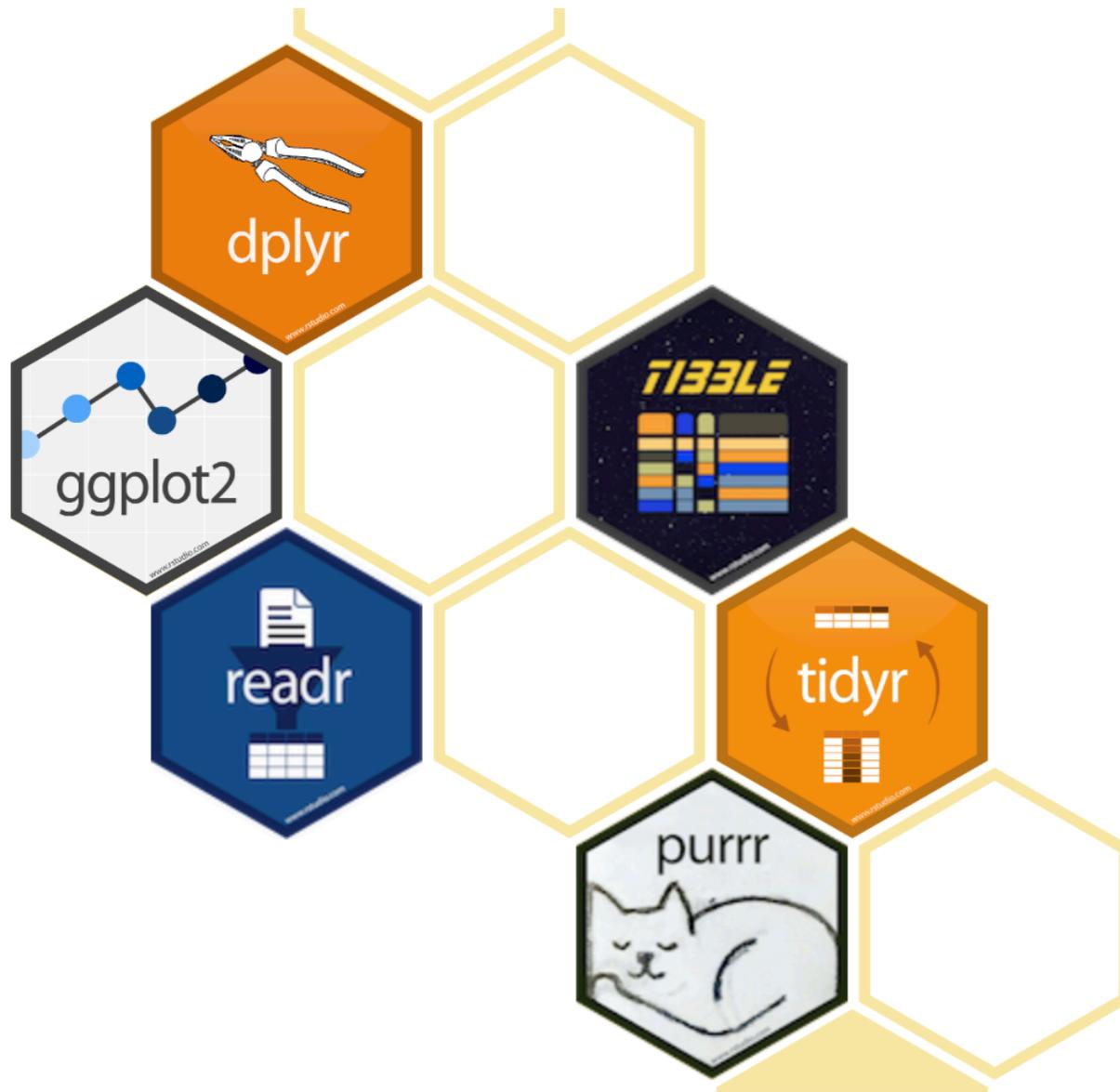
😬 thru 🤢

Coding?

😱 & 🤔

What is the tidyverse?

From tidyverse.org:



R packages for data science

The tidyverse is an opinionated **collection of R packages** designed for data science. All packages share an underlying design philosophy, grammar, and data structures.

Install the complete tidyverse with:

```
install.packages("tidyverse")
```

Why tidyverse for stats newbies?

- IMO it's easier to learn than base R. [Others too.](#)
- It scales. You leverage an entire ecosystem of online developers and support: Google & StackOverflow
- Satisfy learning goals while learning tools they can use beyond the classroom.

Typical Lecture

- 15-20min of lecturing + 50-55min of open exercises
- Borrow elements of “flipped classroom”: how to use time we’re all in the same room together?

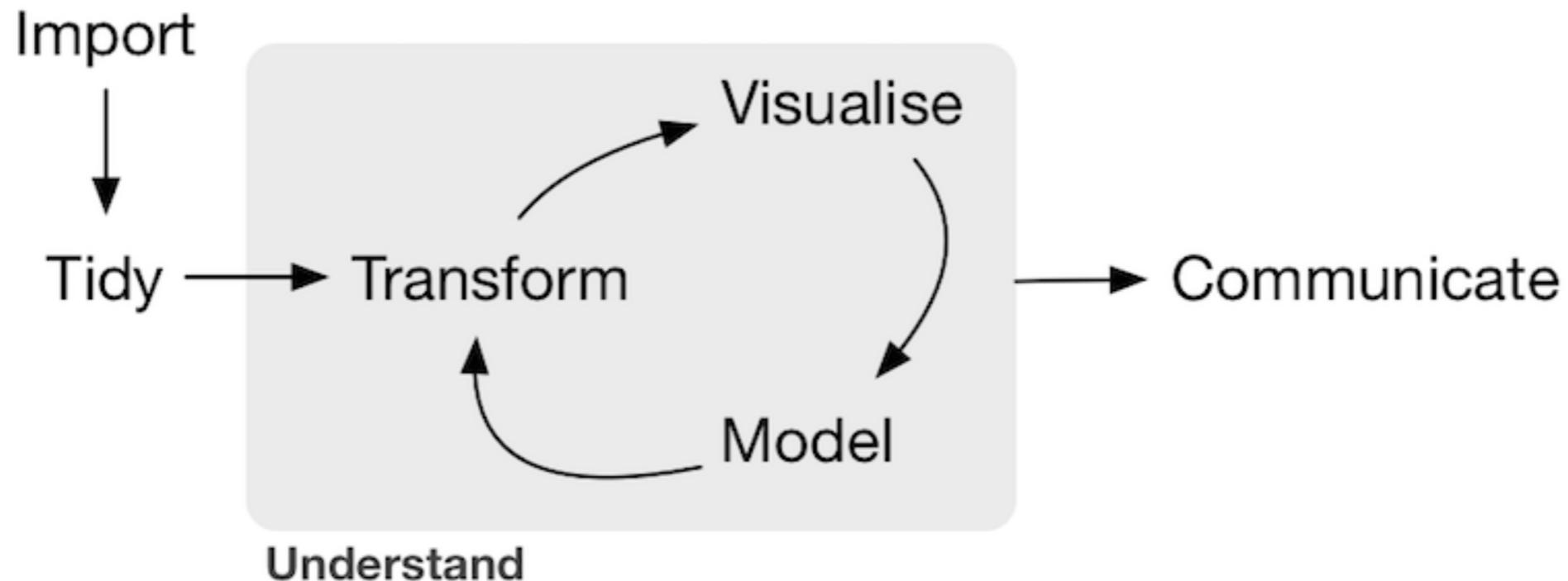


End Deliverable of Course

- Think of how youths learn to [play sports](#)...
- IMO stats newbies should learn to “*play the whole game*” in simplified form first
 - %>% then add layers of complexity...
 - %>% then add more layers of complexity...
 - %>% then add more layers of complexity...
- Do this instead of learning individual components in isolation

End Deliverable of Course

Final project that “plays the whole game” of *all components* of data/science pipeline:



Example template given to students this semester, based on work by students Alexis, Andrienne, & Isabel.



Development version at moderndive.netlify.com

Part I: Data Science via the tidyverse

Chapters 2 - 5

Chapter 2: Getting Started

R: Engine



RStudio: Dashboard



R: A new phone



R Packages: Apps you can download



Getting students over initial 😱 of coding

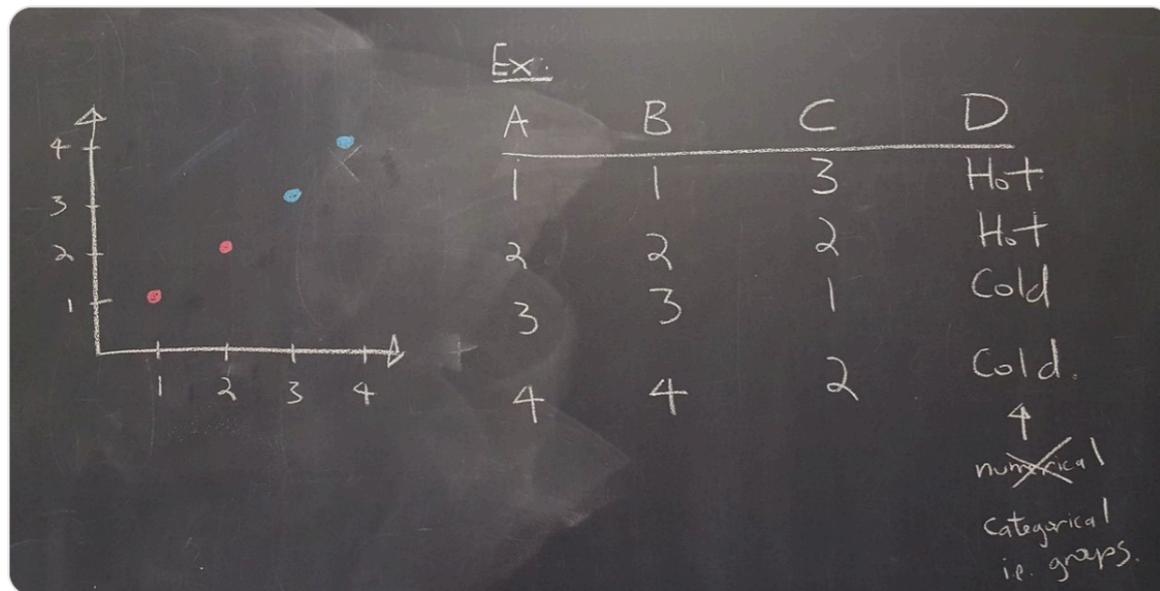
Chapter 3: Data Viz via ggplot2

Often said "Intro students can't learn ggplot"



Albert Y. Kim
@rudeboybert

Intro stats & data science [#chalktalk](#) of grammar of graphics + homage to [@katyperry](#) today, [#ggplot2](#) tomorrow [#rstats](#)



11:58 AM - 11 Sep 2017 from Amherst College

5 Retweets 29 Likes

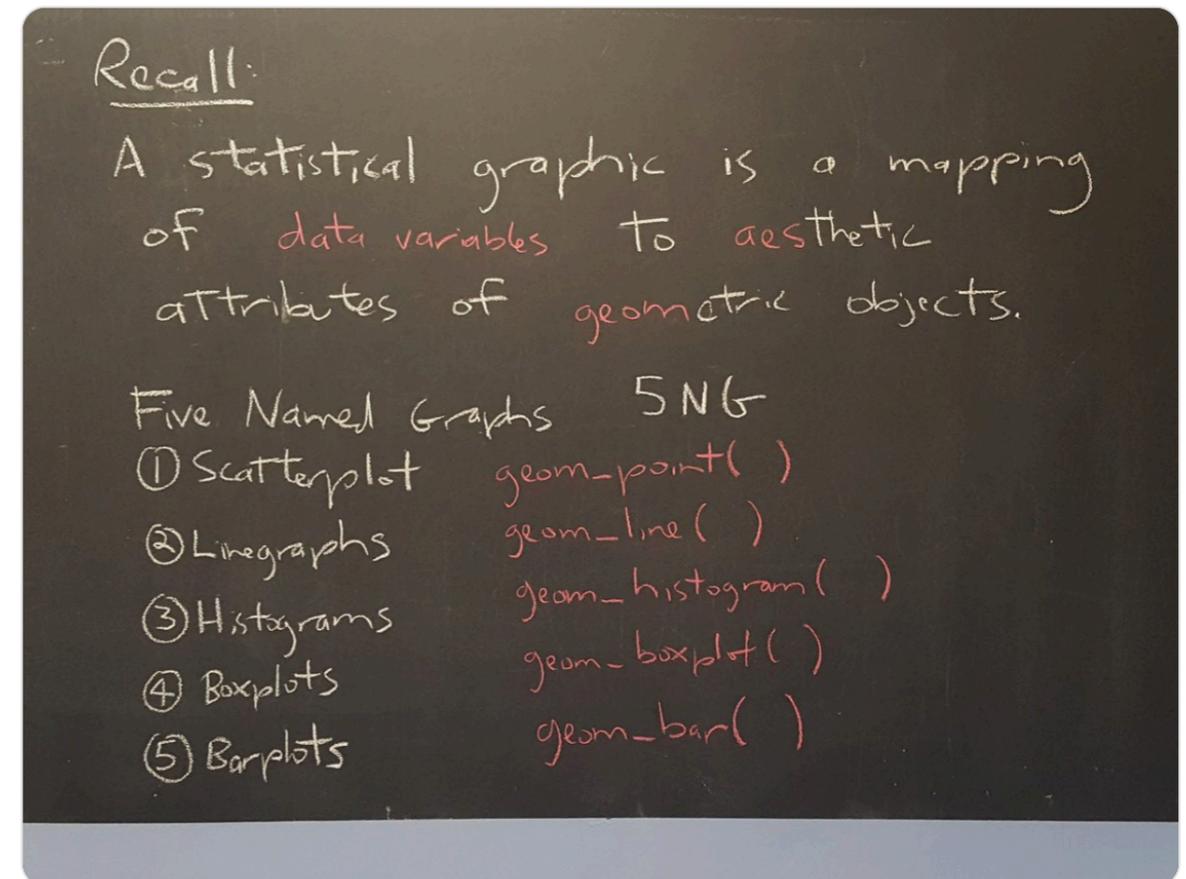


3 5 29



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@rudeboybert

[#chalktalk](#) of [#GrammarOfGraphics](#) definition of "statistical graphic" + [@ModernDive](#)'s "Five Named Graphs" [#5NG](#) [#ggplot2](#)



12:50 PM - 12 Sep 2017 from Amherst College

15 Retweets 61 Likes



15 61

Chapter 4: Data Wrangling via `dplyr`

Chapter 5: “Tidy” Data via `tidyr`

- Essential: `%>%` operator as it's needed later.
- Balance of how much students wrangling do vs how much you do for them?
- To *completely* shield students from *any* data wrangling is to betray [true nature of work in our fields](#).
- How much data [“taming”](#) is necessary?

Part II: Data Modeling via moderndive

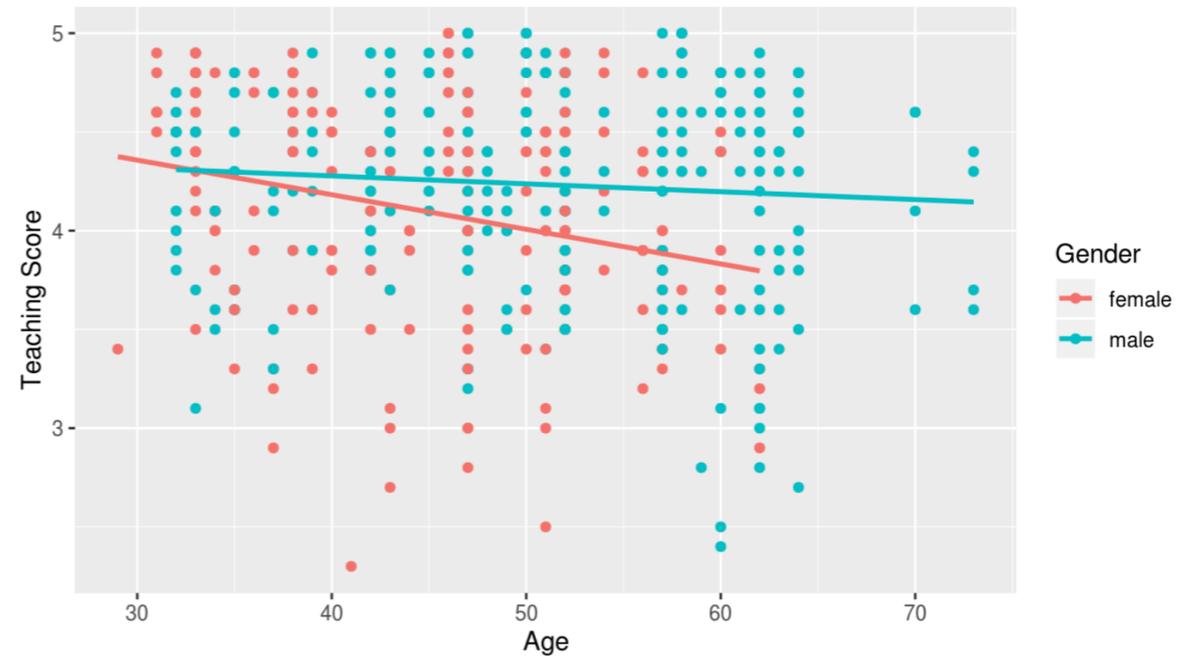
Chapters 6, 7, & 11

Goal 1: Modeling with Regression

1. Data: evals

2. Exploratory Data Analysis

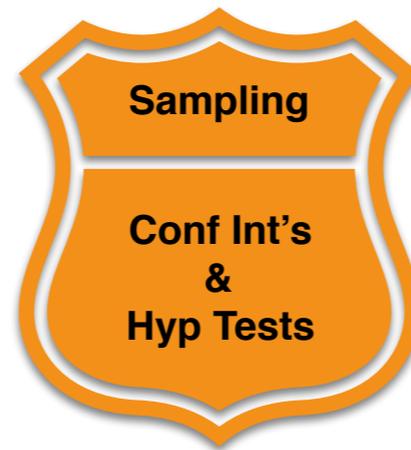
ID	score	age	gender
1	4.7	36	female
2	4.1	36	female
3	3.9	36	female
4	4.8	36	female
5	4.6	59	male
6	4.3	59	male
7	2.8	59	male
8	4.1	51	male
9	3.4	51	male
10	4.5	40	female
11	3.8	40	female
12	4.5	40	female



3. Regression Coeff

4. Regression Table

```
Console ~/ |>
> score_model <- lm(score ~ age * gender, data = evals)
> get_regression_table(score_model)
# A tibble: 4 x 7
  term      estimate
  <chr>    <dbl>
1 intercept 4.88
2 age      -0.018
3 gendermale -0.446
4 age:gendermale 0.014
> |
```



```
Console ~/ |>
> score_model <- lm(score ~ age * gender, data = evals)
> get_regression_table(score_model)
# A tibble: 4 x 7
  term      estimate std_error statistic p_value lower_ci upper_ci
  <chr>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl> <dbl>    <dbl> <dbl>
1 intercept 4.88      0.205    23.8   0        4.48  5.29
2 age      -0.018    0.004    -3.92  0        -0.026 -0.009
3 gendermale -0.446    0.265    -1.68  0.094    -0.968  0.076
4 age:gendermale 0.014    0.006     2.45  0.015    0.003  0.024
> |
```

Early: Descriptive regression

Later: Inference for Regression

Part III: Statistical Inference via infer

Chapters 8 - 11

Goal 2: Sampling for Inference

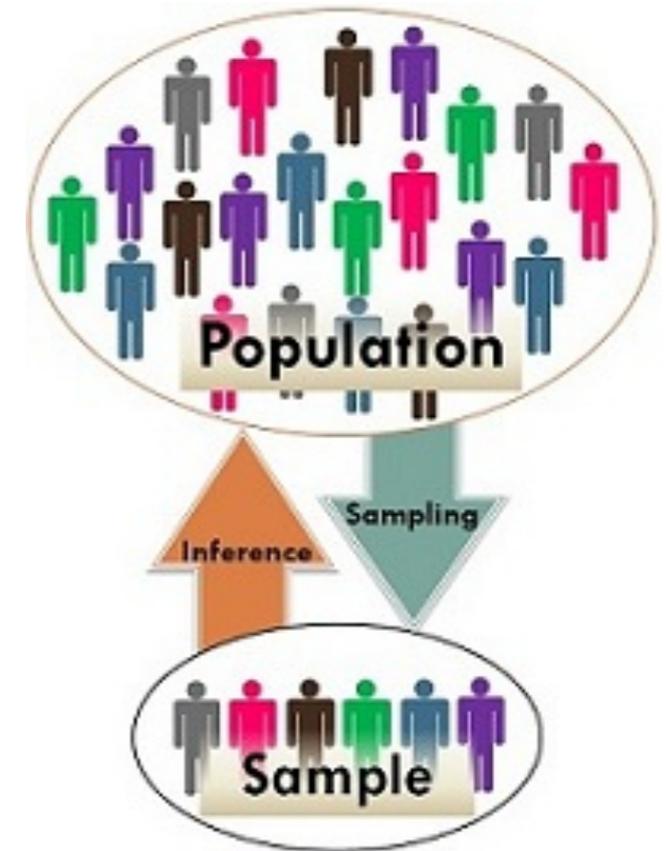
1. Tactile Sampling → 2. Virtual Sampling → 3. Theoretical

Population



```

Console ~/
> library(moderndiv)
> bowl
# A tibble: 2,400 x 2
  ball_ID color
  <int> <chr>
1     1 white
2     2 white
3     3 white
4     4 red
5     5 white
6     6 white
7     7 red
8     8 white
9     9 red
10    10 white
# ... with 2,390 more rows
>
    
```



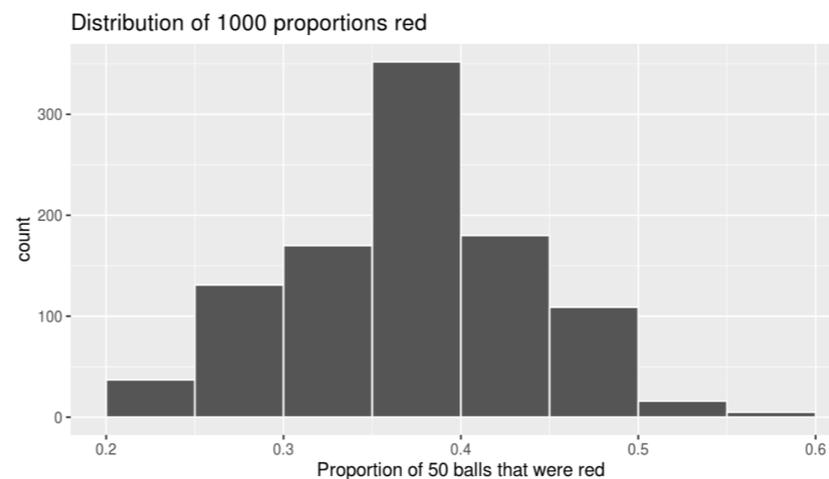
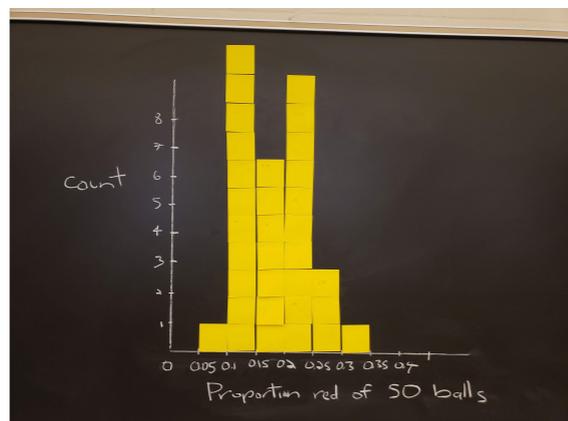
Sample



```

Console ~/
> bowl %>%
+   rep_sample_n(size = 50, reps = 1)
# A tibble: 50 x 3
# Groups:   replicate [1]
  replicate ball_ID color
  <int> <int> <chr>
1     1     226 white
2     1    1304 red
3     1    1230 white
4     1     984 white
5     1     68 white
6     1    1965 white
7     1     431 white
8     1    1184 white
9     1    1610 red
10    1     978 white
# ... with 40 more rows
>
    
```

Sampling Distributions & Standard Errors



$$SE = \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}$$

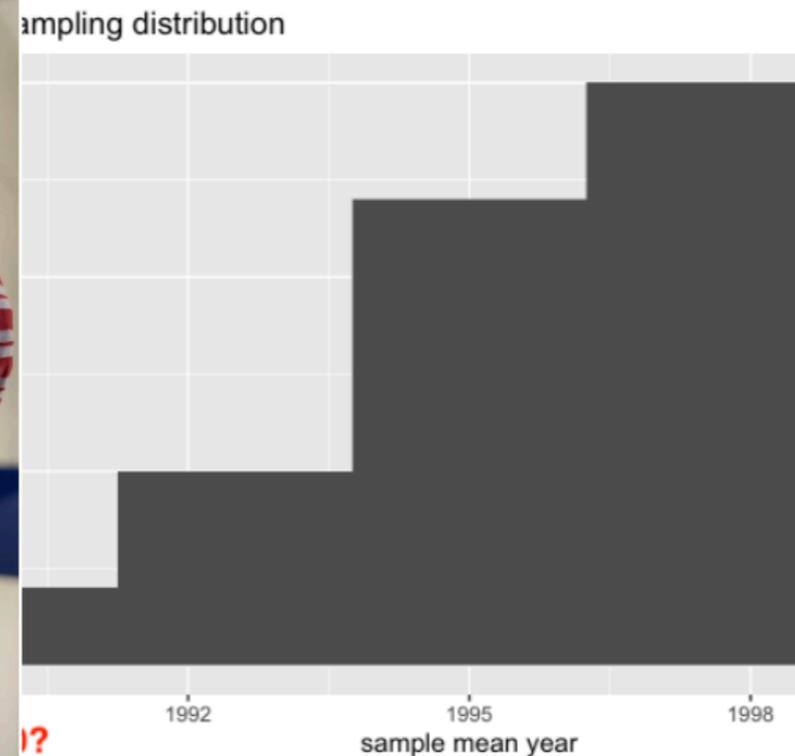
Chap 9: Confidence Intervals

Click me!!!



ModernDive @ModernDive · Mar 27

Hey intro stats profs! Do you teach statistical inference w/ the bootstrap method? Do you get Q's like "Why do we resample WITH replacement?" or "How many samples are there?" If so, consider doing "tactile resampling" first, THEN %>% do "virtual resampling" the @moderndive way!



2 7 15

[Show this thread](#)

Chap 10: Hypothesis Testing via infer

Click me!!!



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@rudeboybert

Replying to @AmeliaMN @djnavarro and 3 others

Indeed! Per @crite: "the infer package makes statistical inference tidy & transparent!"

github.com/rudeboybert/JS ...

infer makes ~~p-value~~ ~~easier to compute.~~ tidy and transparent.

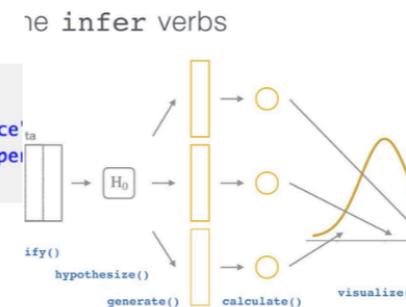
statistic inference

here is only one test
- Allen Downey

```
graph LR
  Data[Data] --> TestStat[test statistic]
  TestStat --> Observed[observed effect: delta*]
  Model[Model of H0] --> Simulated[simulated data]
  Simulated --> TestStat
  TestStat --> Distribution[distribution of delta under H0]
  Distribution --> PValue[p-value]
```

```
test(gss$party, gss$space)
```

```
gss %>%
  specify(space ~ party) %>%
  hypothesize(null = "independence") %>%
  generate(reps = 1000, type = "permutation") %>%
  calculate(stat = "Chisq")
```



8:39 AM - 21 May 2019

1 Retweet 9 Likes



Conclusion

Timeline

- **Now:** Development version on moderndive.netlify.com being edited.
- 🚧 Ch9-11 on CI, HT, & inference for regression 🚧
- **Late-June:** Preview of print edition available on moderndive.com
- **Late-July:** Posting labs/problems sets & example final project samples
- **Fall 2019:** Print edition available!



Resources

- Two versions of moderndive
 1. Development (being edited):
moderndive.netlify.com
 2. Latest release (updated x2 yearly):
moderndive.com
- On GitHub at github.com/moderndive/
 1. **bookdown** source code for book
 2. **moderndive** package source code
- Course [webpage](#) from Spring 2019
- moderndive mailing list: eepurl.com/cBkItf

Thank you!

Why tidyverse in general?

From [tidy tools manifesto](#): Say what?

1. Reuse existing data structures
 2. Compose simple functions with the pipe
 3. Embrace functional programming
 4. Design for humans
1. Don't reinvent the wheel!
 2. Breakdown large tasks into steps using `%>%` "then"
 3. What is the [goal](#) of your code?
 4. Make code understandable to humans